

Why study vaping in *C. elegans*?

- Over the past several years there has been a significant increase in the usage of vapes and e-cigarettes among teens and adolescents
- With the increase in usage, we are interested to understand the effects vaping has on behavior
- *C. elegans* are model organism that are share 30% of their genome to humans

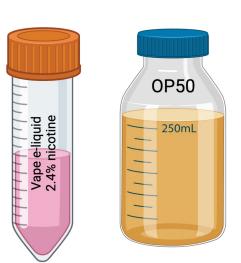
Goals

- 1. Characterize the effects of e-liquid containing nicotine on *C. elegans* attraction towards or avoidance from a stimulus.
- 2. Determine if the concentration of e-liquid exposure matters.

Vape Exposure & Behavioral Tests

Vape Concentrations

1. Collect vape e-liquid, containing 2.4% nicotine, and OP50 E. coli

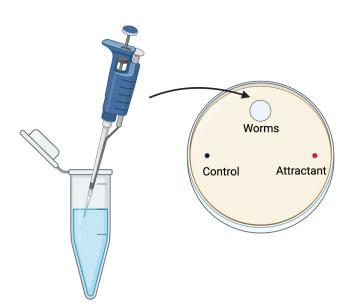


Chemotaxis Assay (attraction test)

. Pick 3-4 L4 worms and set aside for 3-4 days

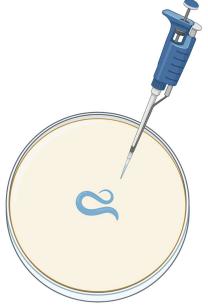


4. Plate worms by removing wash liquid and pipetting worms onto each plate

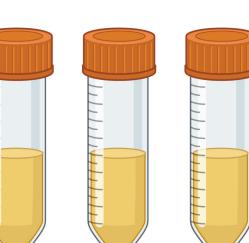


Thrashing Assay (movement test)

1. Pipette 30 uL water onto L4 worm. Count number of thrashes in 4 min period



2. Pipette 10ml of OP50 into each vial



2. Place 1uL of ethanol (control)

on opposite sides of plate

Control

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Control

and 1uL of diacetyl (attractant)

Worms

5. Leave plate for 1 hour

Worms

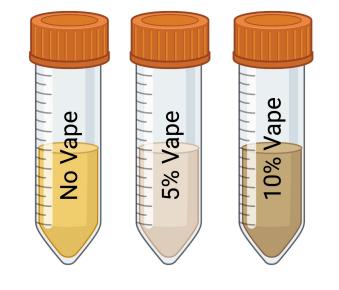
Attractant

Attractant

C. elegans

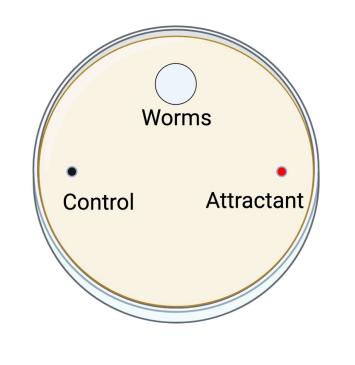
Meneely et al., 2019, *Figure* 2

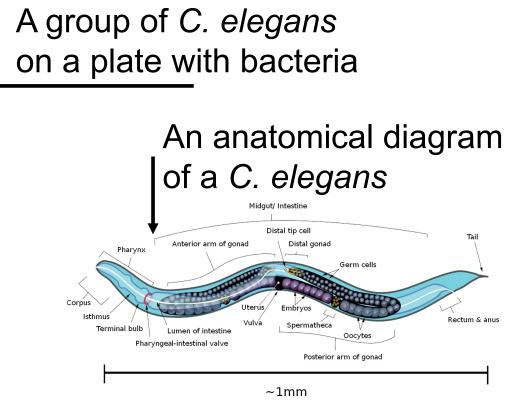
3. Pipette no vape e-liquid, 0.5ml separate vials



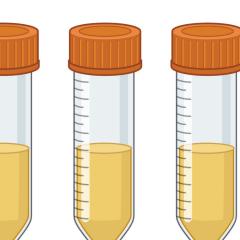
chemotaxis buffer

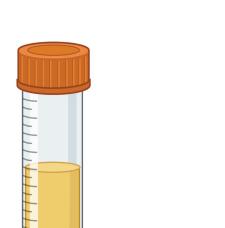






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Vaping Worms: The effects of vaping on C. elegans behavior

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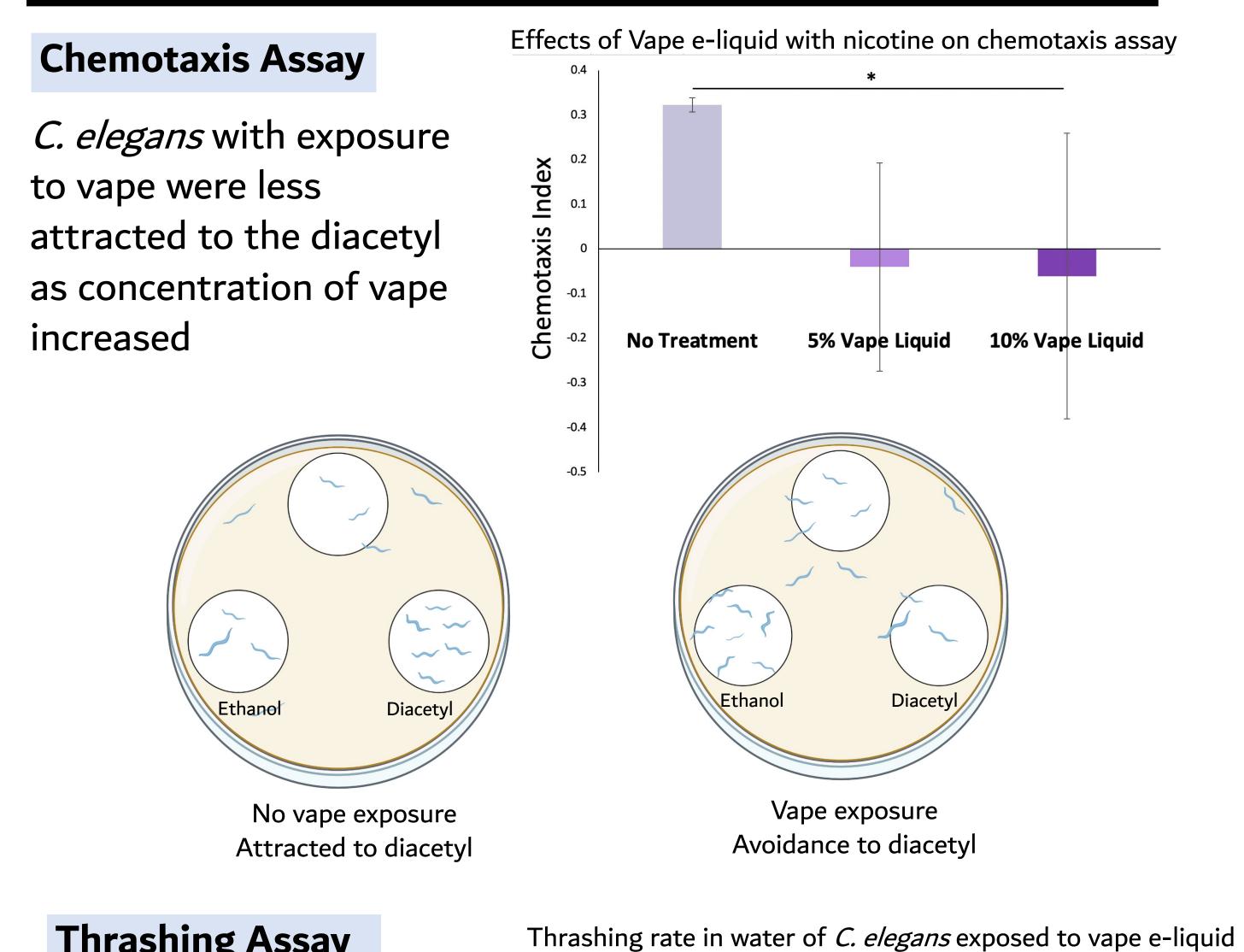
(5%), 1ml (10%) vape e-liquid into

3. Wash worms using 1000 uL

6. Count number of worms on control, attractant, total worms on plate, worms left on origin

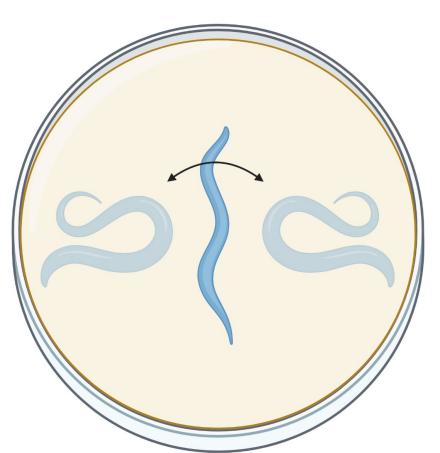
C. elegans | Brain and Cognitive Sciences, 2023

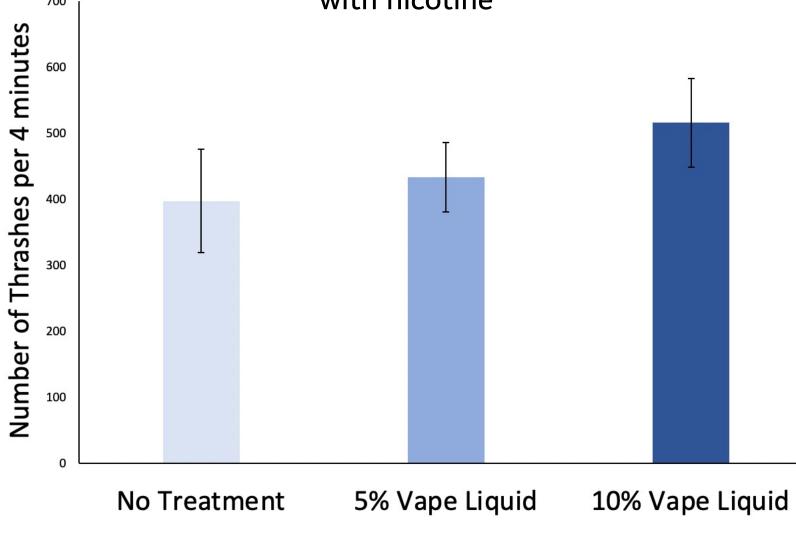
Negative behavioral effects of vaping



Thrashing Assay

Number of thrashes increased over the fourminute period as concentration of nicotine increased





concentrations of vape e-liquid.

Conclusions & What's Next

- *C. elegans* negatively chemotax when exposed to different concentrations of vape e-liquid
- There is an increase in thrashing as exposure to vape e-liquid increases
- Both chemotaxis and thrashing data suggest there is a concentration dependent effect of vape e-liquid on *C. elegans*

What's next:

- Collect more data! (egg laying assay, lifespan assay, etc.) Based on additional data, look to see if certain neurotransmitters are
- affected
 - Because dopamine is involved in thrashing, there could be an effect on dopamine and/or dopamine receptors

with nicotine

C. elegans thrash (move back and forth) more times in water if they were exposed to higher

UN Sustainability Goal

Good Health and Well-Being

- Ensure healthy lives and promote well-being for all ages Vaping has negative health
- impacts



Educational Connections

High School Educational Connection:

- Students will address UNSDG #3 by learning about *C. elegans* as a biological model through which to study the impacts of substances on human health
- They will perform, design and communicate about their own experiments to test the impact of various chemicals on this biological model

- Connecting the increase in global temperature over the past century with the UN Sustainability Goal #3
- Create a proposal to save their farm from rising global temperatures
 - Analyzing data and graphs to support their proposal

Acknowledgements

- This material is based upon work supported by the National Science Foundation under Grant No. EEC-2055507
- We would like to thank and acknowledge the following people for their support:
 - Dr. Jagan Srinivasan (faculty advisor)
 - Elizabeth DiLoreto (graduate student mentor)
 - Caroline Muirhead (graduate student mentor)
 - STEM Education Center at WPI

References

- https://doi.org/10.1186/s40360-015-0030-0 Available at: www.cdc.gov/yrbs.







Middle School Educational Connection:

Yuan, M., Cross, S. J., Loughlin, S. E., & Leslie, F. M. (2015). Nicotine and the adolescent brain. *The Journal of physiology*, *593*(16), 3397–3412. <u>https://doi.org/10.1113/JP270492</u> Panitz, D., Swamy, H., & Nehrke, K. (2015). A C. elegans model of electronic cigarette use: Physiological effects of e-liquids in nematodes. BMC pharmacology & toxicology, 16, 32.

3. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. (2021). Youth Risk Behavior Survey Data.